THE WASHINGTON BATHA

Conxon Cousen.—A special meeting of the Common council was held last night at the City Hall.

The Pussussyr laid before the board a communication on the Mayor enclosing a statement of the corporation of Washington with the Bank of Washington for the past cock; which was referred to the committee of ways and

icate.

The Paramers also laid before the board a letter from
the Mayor, transmitting the following communication
om Mr. Wallach:

Sur E. Loclosed herowith please find an account for the damage gone to my premises by a mole on the street on the night of the first Sanday of leat menth, as per measurement of Mr. Wm. G. Deale, ampuring is \$10.65. Will you please to send down the proper person to repair the said damage at the expense of the corporation? If the please it me know the fact, that I may have it repaired, and then look to the corporation for reimbursement of the cost thereof.

Respectfully, yours, &c.,

W. D. WALLACH

On hotion of Ar. Wallace, a joint resolution was on motion of Mr. Wallace, a joint resolution was dopted fixing the time of adjournment for Monday week it 4 o'clock.

Mr. Wallace then moved that the board adjourn

On motion of Mr. WALLACE, it was referred to the com

ording which,
Mr. Laoys asked that the motion be withdrawn to ena

pending which,
Mr. Laoya asked that the motion be withdrawn to enable him to move that a committee of three be appointed to wait upon the mayor for the purpose of ascertaining bis reasons for calling the meeting.

Mr Orans thought such action unnecessary. The gentleman understood the reasons, as it was well known that the mayor was compelled to call both boards together in order that the Board of Aldermen might take into consideration the police nominations.

Mr. Laoya said they knew nothing of the mayor's reasons, except what common rumor stated. They had been called together, and it became them to ascertain for what purposes; consequently, he submitted his motion.

Mr. Wallace acknowledged the propriety of the motion, but could not see the necessity of it. The gentleman was well aware the gentleman from the third ward [Mr. Onse] had stated the facts. The object was to legalize the call of the upper board. All the business the mayor had with them had already been communicated, and he insisted upon his motion.

Mr. Orans hoped the gentleman would withdraw his motion for a moment.

Mr. Wallace ack did so.

Mr. Orans then stated that a bill would shortly be sent down from the upper board which it was necessary for them to pass this evaning. It was a bill to borrow \$20,000 to carry on the alms-house. The mayor could not make the payments now due, unless authority to borrow the money was given to him.

Mr. Lady asked consent to introduce a bill for reference.

The Presupers stated the question to be on the motion

The Passiders stated the question to be on the motion

The Parsiness stated the question to be on the motion that the board adjourn.

Mr. Looyn said it had been withdrawn, and if the gentleman had desired the motion to remain pending, he should have received a promise from Mr. Orme to renew it before withdrawing it.

The Parsiness concurred in the statement, and the bill to authorize the taking up and relaying of the pavements on both sides of Maryland avenue, between Twelfth and Fourteenth streets, was read by its title, and referred to the committee on improvements.

Fourteenth streets, was read by its title, and referred to the committee on improvements.

Mr. Lloyd then submitted his motion for the appointment of a committee; pending which,

A communication was received from the mayor stating that he had convened the two boards this evening, in order that they might consider the nomination made by him of Noble J. Thomas for lieutenant of the police; which was laid on the tuble.

Mr. Lloyd inquired whether it would be in order to move that the board adjourn and proceed to the room of the Board of Aldermen for the purpose of taking into consideration the nomination of Noble J. Thomas.

The Presenser replied that it would not be in order, as the Common Council had nothing to do with nominations.

ons. The board then adjourned.

CRIMINAL COURT. TRIAL OF THE BROTHERS DEVLIN FOR MURDER.

FRIDAY, July 2.—The court met at the usual h and, the prisoners having been brought in, the trial wa resumed. The petit jurors who were not engaged on th present panel were dismissed until next Tuesday morning at ten o'clock, as it is expected that this trial will occupy the remainder of the present week, and next Monday will be a national holiday. The prosecution ed the introduction of rebutting evidence by

great haste, for officers to arrest some one for that offence; that was some forty minutes before John Deviin was brought to the office; after the prisoner was brought there, witness examined Smith on the subject.

Mr. Bradley called for the defence—
WILLIAM RUPF sworn.—Smith and Berry were at witness's house on the day of the homicide, at about 3 o'clock in the afternoon; they were drinking freely that afternoon at witness's house. Could not say that they were drunk; they were nextly lively.

o'cleck in the afternoon; they were drinking freely that afternoon at witness's house. Could not say that they were drunk; they were pretty lively.

Dr. J. W. Strattings sworn.—Saw Berry in Washington some time during last summer; he and witness and two others got a carriage to go to the navy-yard, and when they got to Mr. Devlin's house, Berry requested them to stop while he went in. They did so, and Berry got out and went into the house for a few minutes and then returned. This was about twelve or thirteen months ago to the best of witness's recollection.

A. E. L. Kerse recalled for the prosecution.—Did not consider Smith drunk on the day of the homicide; could smell his breath, and knew that he had been drinking.

Mrs. Farst Berry recalled.—Witness is familiar with the hand-writing of John Devlin; identifies several letters now shown to her to be in his hand-writing.

Cross-camined.—Has seen the letters before; gave them to Mr. Farguson, her father-in-law; thinks she would know her brother's hand writing wherever she saw it; he generally signed his name "John S. Devlin, jr., spelling the word "John" in full; he sometimes signed it in other ways, as "J. S. Devlin," and "J. S. A. Devlin," Mr. Brankey here showed witness several other papers.

In."

Mr. Braniar here showed witness several other papers, which she considered to be in her brother's hand-writing.

Examination in chief resemed.—Witness came in the possession of these letters because they were directed to her husband, and she had had them ever since.

Mr. Oen then read some of the letters to show the good feeling existing between John Devlin and the decreased. The last one was dated April 21, 1856. Another was read, bearing date October 20, 1854; others were written in 1855.

ritten in 1855.

written in 1855.

Here the prosecution closed their evidence.

Mr. Rarchive then stated that the defence had closed their evidence also; and he had now a proposition to make, which, if it was agreed to by the other side, would end the case. He proposed to offer a set of instructions to the jury, and ask their adoption by the court, and let the counsel on the other side prepare a set of instructions also; then let the court grant such as it should deem proper, and let the case go to the jury without arguiproper, and let the case go to the jury without argu

Mr. Outp agreed to that proposition.

The following are the instructions prayed for by the

defence:

1. If, from the whole evidence aforesaid, the jury believe that one of the prisoners at the bar did, with malice aforethough, inflict upon the person of the said Thos. B. Berry, in his lifetime, the wounds whereof he afterwards died, but are in reasonable doubt as to which of the prisoners as of inflicted the said wounds, their verdict must be "Not guilty" as to both, unless, from the evidence aforesaid, they further believe that at the time the said wounds were so inflicted the prisoners acted together by pre-concert, and with the intent to kill the said Thomas B. Berry, or to do him great bodily harm.

2. If, from the evidence aforesaid, the jury believe that the wounds whereof the said Thomas B. Berry died were inflicted by John S. Devlin, one of the prisoners, but at a time when his mind was so diseased as to be unable to understand the true nature of the acts which he then did, and to distinguish between right and wrong with reference to said acts, their verdict must be "Not guilty"

as to him, and also "Not guilty" as to James P. Devlin,

as to him, and also "Not guilty" as to James P. Devlin, the other prisoner, unless they further, believe from the evidence aforesaid that the said James, with malice aforeshought, caused the aforesaid John S. Devlin to inflict the said wounds as aforesaid.

3. If the jury believe from the evidence that James Devlin (one of the defendants) committed the homicide charged in the indictment, and that at the time thereof he had reasonable ground to believe his life was in danger, or that the deceased would do him grievous and severe bedily harm, then they ought to acquit said defendant, although in fact the said deceased did not intend to take life or inflict severe bodily harm.

4. If, from the evidence aforesaid, the jury believe that for several years prior to and at the time of the death of the said Berry, he had been prohibited by the lawful owner, possessor, and occupants of the premises wherein he met his death from entering the same; and that he had repeatedly entered the same with threats of violence and against the will of said owners and occupants, and did so enter on the said day of his death; that the said owner and occupant was a widow and tile prisoners her two sons, and that she had no protector except her sons; and that, being ordered off by the mother of the prisoners, the said Berry refused to quit the said premises, then the prisoners, in obedience to the wish of their said mother and as her agents, had the right to expel the said Berry from the said premises, and to use all needful force for his expulsion; and if, by reason of his resistance to their efforts to expel him and to prevent great bodily harm to themselves, it became necessary for their own protection to kill him, they were not bound to retreat as in ordinary cases, and the killing is excusable, and the prisoners must be acquitted.

The following are the instructions prayed for by the

killing is excusable, and the prisoners must be acquired.

The following are the instructions prayed for by the United States:

1. If the jury believe from the whole evidence that James Devlin gave to the deceased a fatal wound or wounds with a deadly weapon, and John Devlin was present aiding and abetting, and that the defendants committed said homicide under any provocation, howsover great, yet if the jury shall further believe that there was sufficient time for the passion induced by said provocation to subside and for reason to interpose, such homicide is murder. cide is murder.

2. [This is precisely like the above except that the

2. [This is precisely like the above except that the names of the prisoners are transposed.]

3. If the jury believe from the evidence that the deceased was a marriage contract with the sister of the defendants, such a fact is no legal justification or excuse for an assult upon the deceased, either with or without a deadly weapon.

4. If the jury believe from the whole evidence that either of the defendants, under color of fighting upon equal terms, used from the beginning of the context with the deceased a deadly weapon, without the knowledge of the deceased, and killed the deceased with such weapon, or if the jury believe that at the beginning of said contest either of said defendants was prepared with a deadly weapon, so as to have the power of using it in the course of the combat, and did use it accordingly, and with it killed the deceased, then such defendant is guilty of murder.

killed the deceased, then such defendant is guilty of murder.

5. If the jury believe from the evidence that the deceased, at or about the time of the homicide, was committing a trespass against the property of Mrs. Devlin, but not against the dwelling-house, then such trespass is not, in law a sufficient provocation to warrant the owner or anybody else in using a deadly weapon, or in aiding and abetting such use; and if a deadly weapon, under such circumstances, be used, and the trespasser be killed by it, such offence is murder, although the jury shall further believe that such killing was actually necessary to prevent the trespass.

6. If the jury believe from the whole evidence that the defendants intended to kill the deceased, or to do him some great bodily harm, which intention may be inferred from the weapon made use of, or from any other circumstance in proof, then such homicide is murder, notwithstanding the jury may believe that, at the time of the killing, the defendants had received a slight provocation.

cation.

7. If, from the evidence, the jury shall find that a sudden quarrel arose between the deceased and the prisoners—and that, on an assult first committed by the deceased, blows passed between them; and that, in the course of the contest, after becoming heated therein, one of the Devlins, under the influence of such passion, killed the deceased by stabs inflicted with a knife; and that the other Devlin was present, aiding and abetting in the commission of the killing, or acting in concert with his brother committing the killing—such killing amounts to manslaughter, unless the jury shall further find that the party who inflicted the stabs gave them in self-defence, after retreating as far as he could with safety to himself, and that, at the time of giving the stabe, he labored under a well-founded apprehension of great bodily harm.

8. If, from the evidence, the jury shall find that one of the prisoners inflicted the stabs whereof the deceased, Thomas B. Berry, died, and that the other was aiding, abetting, and assisting thereot, it is immaterial which gave the blows, and both are responsible; but if the jury shall further find that John Devlin, one of the prisoners, gave the stabs, and at the time of giving the same was insane, still James Devlin, if he was present aiding and assisting, is responsible.

9. To relieve the prisoner, John Devlin, from the consequences of his acts in connexion with the homicide of Thomas B. Berry, on the ground of insanity, the evidence must establish to the minds of the jury, beyond all reasonable doubt, that he was insane at the time of the commission thereof, and that the insanity was such as to deprive the prisoner of the use of reason as applied to the acts in question, and the knowledge that he was declared, payable fice of the treasurer on and assisting, therea, payable in the fide of the prisoner of the use of reason as applied to the acts in question, and the knowledge that he was doing wrong in committing them.

10. If the jury believe from the whole evidence that a ation.

7. If, from the evidence, the jury shall find that a sud-

oners, and that blows passed between them without any intention to kill or injure each other materially; and that, in the course of the scuffic, after the parties became heated by the contest, James Devlin killed the deceased with a deadly weapon, and that John Devlin was present aiding and abetting in such killing, or vies versa, and that the deceased was unarmed, then the said defendants are writty of mandaughter.

the deceased was unarmed, then the said defendants are guilty of manslaughter.

The above instructions were ably argued by the several counsel; and, subsequently, Mr. Bradley, for the defence, prayed for an additional instruction, of which the reporter was unable to obtain a copy. Upon the conclusion of the arguments, the lists of instructions were submitted to his honor, and the court then adjourned.

are indebted to Messrs. N. S. Hill, J. F. McLaughlin, and P. A. Madan, committee of invitation, for a beautifully-executed card inviting us to attend the celebration to be given by the Philodemic Society of Georgetown College on Monday, July the 5th, in honor of the natal day of American independence. The students of this eminently-popular institution never fail to do becoming honors to the various national holidays which carry u back to the glorious days of our revolutionary struggle, and which it is so proper should ever be kept sacred and fresh in the memory and hearts of the rising generation. In the selection of Charles B. Kenny, of the graduating class, as orator, the president and faculty of the college, as well as the time-honored Philodemic, have given th public the utmost assurance that the celebration of the 4th of July at that venerable institution will not fall behind the very best that have gone before it. The reader, Beverly C. Kennedy, of Louisiana, is a young man of brilliant endowments, imbued with the true spirit of southern chivalry, and every inch an American. Pennsylvania and Louisiana will be well represented in the orators, while the celat and general appointments of the celebration will signalize the patriotism of the institution, and illustrate its Philodemic motto: "Eloquentia libertati

THE CONTRACTS FOR STATIONERY.—The yearly contests for the contracts to supply the different departments of the government with stationery are participated in by all the booksellers and stationers of the city, and it not unfrequently happens that one firm will secure the contracts of several of them. The awards for the year ending June

THE BIG TURTLE.—The big turtle on Seventh street still continues to attract attention. Yesterday he executed a rather serious prank, no less than biting off a man's finger! When we saw him last, he had succeeded in getting into a tub, by means of which, during the blistering heat, he managed to keep one-half of his huge careas comfortable. The portion exposed actually seemed to perspire, which is another proof of the intensity of the present "spell" of weather. In our opinion, if an end is not shortly put to his miserable existence he will die a natural death.

THE WASHINGTON UNION.

The his Tenne,—The life that is no second one of the control of the contr

## United States Hotel.

R W Armstead, St Louis

John Cross, Wheeling, Va R B Stephonson, Parkersburg, Va Jesse B Haw, Dist Columbia J W Stevens, Kentucky

By A. GREEN, Auctioneer.

500 ZARAS BRUSSELS CARPET AT AUC. sell in front of my audion room, corner of 7th and D streets, at 10 o'clock, a. m., a large lot of assorted patterns of Brussels carpet, cut in pieces of assorted lengths, offering a fine opportunity for persons wishing to purchase chamber or parior carpets at low prices.

Terms cach.

A. GREEN, July 3—1t.

RANK or Markorous, Washington, July 1, 1858.

THIS BANK will not be opened for business on Monday, the 5th of July, as the 4th, falling this year on Sanday, will be celebrated on the 5th. It is therefore requested that notes payable on the 5th be strended to on Saturday, the 5t of July. The Board of Trustees will meet on Tuesday, the 6th of July, to act upon paper offered for discount.

WASHINGTON BRANCH BALTIMORE AND

EXCURSION TO GRAFTON ON THE FOURTH JULY.

With a view to offer an opportunity to all who may desire to pass over a portion of the Baltimore and Ohio Raifroad, Excursion Tickets will be issued at this office to Gratton, for either of the trains of Saturday and Sonday, to return by those of Monday and Tosoday.

Grafton is rituated at the junction of the Baltimore and Ohio and Northwestern Road, 500 miles from Washington, and beyond the main points of attraction along its line. By taking the train from Washington at 5.13 a. m., on Saturday merning, an opportunity will be afforded to view the whole line by daylight.

Fare for round trip NINE POLLARS.

THOMAS IL PARSONS

THOMAS H. PARSONS,
Agent. THE RIGHT OF DETENTION, VISIT, AND Search, examined on legal principles and authorities. By Richard S. Coxe, Counseller at Law, Washington. Famphiet. 25 cents. July 1 FRANCE TAYLOR.

RED SULPHUR SPRINGS—Morroe country, Virscountry, These celebrated Mineral Springs are now open for the reception of visitors. It is now well known that no medicinal agents that have been tried have had such signal success as the waters of the Red Sulphur Springs in the speedy cure of mest cases of pulmonary consumption, bronchist affections, chronic diarrhies, dyspepsia, and diseases of the brain.

Visitors via Richmond and Lynchburg should leave the Virginia and Tennesce railroad at Newburn Depot. They will then have but thirty-eight miles of staging, over a good road. Via Orange and Alexandria and Virginia Central railroad, there is now about seventy miles of staging.

andria and Virginia Central railroad, there is now about seventy miles of staging.

Invalids would secure better rooms, and better care and attention, by coming early, as we are usually very much crowded through the ment of August.

T. S. CAMPRELL & CO.

May 30—42mo

EXTRA WIDE BLACK BEREGES for Shawle,
Manties, Dusters, &c.
Black Grenatine Berege
Black Twisted Silks.
With all other kinds of first-class Mourning Goods constantly on

nand.

-6 pieces wide and narrow best Black English Crapes.

New supplies from the North and East daily.

One price only, nearked in plain figures; hence no purchaser is werehazed.

vercharged.
A visit to our establishment incurs no obligation to purchase.

PERRY & INCOTIES.

"Contral Stores," west building opposite Centra Market.

or range one.

Sections 1 to 12, inclusive; the NE ½ of 13; the NW ¼ of 14; sections 15 and 17 to 22, inclusive; the SW ¼ of 26; and sections 27 to 35, inclusive, of township forty six, of range two.

Townships seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, and twenty, of range three.

Township accenteen, eighteen, nineteen, and themby, or range three.

Thomship accenteen, of range four, sections 1 to 18 inclusive; townships eleven and twelve and fractional townships thirteen and fourteen, and township filten, of range five.

Sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of township ten; townships eleven, towever, and thirteen; thus 18 to 4 section 5; sections 6, 7, 8, 17, 18, 19, 20, 29, 30, 31, and 32; and the SW 14 of 33, of township 15, of range six.

Fractional, township eight; section 1 to 18, inclusive, of twenship len; township eight; sections 1 to 18, inclusive, of twenship thirteen, of range section 8 to 8; sections 9 to 35 inclusive, of township thirteen, of range section 5 of 8; sections 9 to 35 inclusive, of township thirteen, of range section 8 to 9, inclusive; the NW 14 of 10; sections 17 to 11, inclusive; section 28 to 32, inclusive, and the NW 14 of 33, of township steeler; the NW 14 of section 5; sections 10 to 11, inclusive; section 25 to 32, inclusive, and the NW 14 of 33, of township theology the NW 14 of 37; section 18 to 24, inclusive; the SW 14 of 24; the SW 14 of 27; section 26 to 34, inclusive; the SW 14 of 35 of township 15, of range eight.

North of the base time and weet of the Mount Diatho meridiem.

Township twenty-four; sections 1 to 12, inclusive; the NE 14; of 12;

and, h. and 20; and the SW 3; of 28, of two valls 13, of roughts, and the SW 3; of section 21 to 15 to 25, inclusive; and the SW 3; of 28, and 28 to 15 to 35, inclusive; the SW 4; of 8; sections 20 to 21, inclusive; the SW 4; of 8; sections 10 to 21, inclusive; the SW 5; of 21; the SW 5; of 23; the SW 5; of 23; the SW 5; of 24; the SW 5; of 25; the SW 5; of 25;

At the Land Office at Sax Francesco, commencing on Monday, the seventh day of February next, for the disposal of the public lands situated in the following townships and parts of townships, viz.

South of the base line and cut of the Mount Diable meridian.

to 35, inclusive, of townskip townly, of range twenty even.

At the land office at Los Axesses, commencing an Monday, tenth day of February next, for the disposal of the public landated in the following townships and parts of townships, vis:

North of the base line and west of the San Bernardino meridia Sections 1 and 2; the SE ½ of 3; sections 10 to 15, inclusive; the NE ½ of section 21; the N ½ of 22; the N ½ of 23; and section 24, of towards; eight, of range eighteen.

Sections 1 to 20, inclusive; the N ½ of 21; the N ½ of NE ½, the NW ½, and the W ½ of SW ½ of section 22; the NE ½ and the N ½ of SW ½ of section 22; the NE ½ and the N ½ of SW ½ of section 23; the N ½ of 24; and the NE ½ to section 29, of towards; eight; the S ½ of section 10; the S ¾ of 11; the S ¾ of 12; Sections 13, 14, 15, and 19 to 35; inclusive, of towards; prine, of range secenteen.

Every person entitled to the right of pre-emption to any of the lands within the townships and parts of townships above enumerate is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the register at receiver of the proper land office, and scale papent therefore as see spraticable after seeing this section, and before the day appointed the commencement of the public sale of the lands, embracing the tractained; otherwise such claim will be forfeited.

JOS. S. WILSON,

Acting Commissioner of the General Land Office.

[IntASTAT]

VIRGINIA PEMALS INSTITUTE,

RUSTEES: Rt. Rev. J. A. Latane, Col. F. H. Smith, Library, W. Kinney, T. J. Michie, P. Powers, B. C. L. Westers, A. Latane, Col. F. H. Smith, Library, W. Kinney, T. J. Michie, P. Powers, B. Crawford, VISITORS.

Rev. E. C. McGuire, D. D.,
Rev. W. Sparrow, D. D.,
Hon. W. C. Bires,
Hon. W. G. Bires,
Hon. W. Blard Preston,
Hon. George W. Summers,
Hon. John Letcher,
Hon. George W. Thompson,
How. George W. Thompson,
Wm. H. Fowle, Esq.
Dublidings, crected for the nurroses of a Female Callecta

The buildings, crecked for the purposes of a Female Cellettite, are commodous and cleant, in a situation of great healthfulness, remote from the temptations insident to arrounded by refined society. Its organization is Southern

ISCONSIN AND MINNESOTA COMMISSION, INTELLIGENCE, AND GENERAL LAND AGENCY.—GEORGE PARNAM. Office on Main street, next doer to the Banking House of Cole, Sammer, & Co., La Crosse, Wasconsin.

I am prepared to buy, sell, or give information with regard to farms, farming, or pine lands; to locate government lands, either with land warrants or money, in Wisconsin or Minnesota; to attend to the selling or leasing of bands, lots, dwelling-leosaes, or other property on commission; to make collections, pay taxes, examine titles, collect rents, &c., &c.

Particular attention given to LOANING MONEY, which I guaranty to lean or real estate worth three times the amount of money loaned; and secure to the owner from ten to twelve per cent. interest paid annually. Security on real estate in. Wisconsin and Minnesota is more secure than in New York, for the reason that lands are advancing from 25 to 100 per cent. every year. Interest legal, in Wisconsin, as high as 12 per cent, such in Minnesota there is no usury law.

All business and betters of inquiry promptly attended to, and returns remitted, by mail or express, to any part of the country.

Feb 17—6m

He refers to the following gentlemen: Hon, C. C. Washbure, M. C., Mineral Point, Wis.; Gov. Alex. W. Randal, Madison, Was.; Lieut. Gov. E. D. Campibel, Lax Grosse, Wis.; Hon. S. D. Hastings, (State tenseurer) Trempectan, Wis.; Hon. Theo. Rodolf, (receiver U. S. land office.) La Crosse, Wis.; Hon. D. D. Cameron, La Crosse, Wis.; Jade Lord, do. do., Hon. Geo. Gall, (longe 6th judicial circuit), Galeville, Wis.

PURE SODA WATER.—SYLVESTER'S SODA FUNITARIS, corner of 6th and II streets, from which the purest drawphs of the genuine Carbonated Soda Water, drawn from stone fountains, (icy cold.) may be qualled in copious deliciousness, are now in active operation, illustrating, by a daily-increasing patronage, the just appreciation of its superior medicinal properties, and its more agreeable and palatable qualities, to the insipia, common, hurthit carbonic acid gas, generated in copper fountains, (yclept soda water,) and under that assumed cognomen, dispensed to a confiding and unsuspecting public.

Status.—Blackberry, Cream, Claret, Capsicum, Ginger, Hock, Lemon, Madeira, Nectar, Orange, Orgeat, Pear, Pine Apple, Port, Rose, Raspberry, Sarsaparilla, Strawberry, Sherbert, Sassafras, Sherry, and Vanilla.

Also, Strawberry, Lenon, and Sassanagilla, Active Common, and Sassanagilla, Strawberry, Lenon, and Sassanagilla, Strawberry, Lenon, and Sassanagilla.

ranilla.

Also, Strawberry, Lemon, and Sarsaparilla Moad. Something differ at from anything sold in the District.

May 1—cod3in

WM. R. HENRY. HENRY & CAMPBELL,

Siouz City, Iowa,
Enter lands with land warrants or cash, or on time, and loan money twestern rates, pay taxes, and furnish abstract to titles.

Sep 25—dkawly

Hank of Memorous,

Washington, June 17, 1868.

THE Stockholders are hereby notified that a general election will be held at the banking house, in this city, on Italian, to serve for the year then hext ensuing. The polls will be opened at 10 o'clock, a.m., and close at 12 o'clock, merdian

June 18. Stawt 30th June thead CTh July 18.

OUR THANKS AND OUR BILLS.-The for

Off THANKS AND OUR BILLS.—The formed we present to the vast and increasing number who purchase us for each, and others who pay promptly when called on. It will be our constant aim to grow in their confidence.

The latter (if not called for at our deak) we will present in a form the latter (if not called for at our deak) we will present in a form all our bills must be promptly paid in each when presented or the would be discomlined, that we deem it requisite only to say that with the latter of the would be discomlined, that we deem it requisite only to say that we mean as possible without disturbing the pleasant relations which has existed between many of our customers and curselves for a long at rice of years."

WE OFFER DECIDED BARGAINS in all grades of "extra glossy" wide and parrow Black Silve of "extra glossy" wide and narrow Black Siks., in large lots of most choice quality Mourning Silks of new and

With a large above or Femry and the generally.

One price only, marked in plain figures, and no deviation.

A visit to our establishment heours no obligation to purchase.

Good articles, low prices, and fair dealing may be relied on in FERRY & HROTHER,

"Central Stores," west building,

the 22—1041f opposite Centre Marke

One price only, marked in particular to the control of the control

YESIS.—Large lots of all the best and most approved fabrica.
With a vast stock of select cloths, cashineres, and vestings,
Cravets, inflor-shrts, gloves, suspenders, half-hose, handkerchiefs, (sik and linea.) nubrellas, &c.
One price only, and no deviation; consequently, no person is overcharged.
Good articles, low prices, and fair dealing may be relied on in all

we expect the cash for every bill due us on the 1st proxino. The credits on which we buy are shortened, and we are compelled to shorten the time on which we self.

PERRY & BROTHER,
"Central Stores," west building,
28—10tdif opposite Centre Market.

months.

An efficient corps or arrists will be constantly in attendance to execute photographs and ambrotypes in the best possible manner.

Price ranging from one deltar upwards.

The collection of portraits of distinguished men at this gallery is the largest in the world, and is open for public inspection every day (Sundays excepted) from 7, a. m., to 7, p. m.

July 1—cod3mos SEMI-ANNUAL NOTICE.—We are now having all unsettled accounts made off our books, (as is customary at this

SALE OF VEGETABLE STANDS.—All persons desirous of obtaining vegetable stands in the different market throughout the city are hereby notified that they will be said to the highest bidder, (as per act to regulate markets, &c.,) commencing with—

with

Centre Market, Saturday, July 3d.
Eastern Market, Monday, July 3d.
Eastern Market, Monday, July 5d.
Northern Market, Wednesday, July 7th.
Western Market, Friday, July 9th.
Western Market, Friday, July 9th.
B.—Persons now holding stands in the Centre, Eastern, Northern, and Western Market can retain them by paying the appraisement price of said stands.
By order of the Mayor.
June 23—2awtJuly9

A CARD.—Our patrons are hereby notified that all open accounts upon our ledger are made off up to the 26th instant, and will be respectively presented preparatory to settlement on the 1st of July, as has been our uniform practice; and we need only say here that we expect every account so presented to meet with a cheerful and prompt response.

HOOE RECTIFIER A CO.

TO THE HEIRS OF SAMUEL BOYLE, JAMES Kerr, William Kerr, and Elizabeth Arbuckle, all formerly of Powhatan county, Virginia:

You are hereby notified that there is a fund under the control of the circuit court of Powhatan county, Virginia, in which you, or some of you, are interested; and you are required by an order of the court made on the 28th day of April, 1858, to come forward with proof of heirably, and of your right to receive the said fund, or your proper phases thereof

Bankers,
LAND, COLLECTING, AND INSURANCE AGENTS,

peridian
June 18—3tawt30thJunethendt7thJulyif

school styles also a large line of white, figured, and dotted Swiss Mos file, remarkably chiese. 20 pieces colored Lineas for gentlemen's shirts and children's woar With a large stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, specially an

66 L'RUIT OF THE LOOM".—The Agent has sen

FOR WHITE LINEN COATS, PANTS, AND

BRADY'S GALLERY, 352 Pennsylvania avenue, near Seventh street, over Sweeny, Rittenhouse, Fant, & Co.'s Banking House.—Mr. BRADY begs respectfully to inform the public that, in consequence of the very liberal patronage he has received since opening bia Photographic tallery at Washington, he will, contrary to his original intention, keep it open during the summer

business and of our books, on a coutoness with use the decount of the season,) and we hereby notify those of our customers inving such with us, that they can obtain them at our deak until the 27th lastant, when those not called for will be rendered with a view to settlement on the 1st of July and the settlement on the 1st of July and 1st of July an

THE MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Magnetic Te The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Magnetic Tel-graph Company will be held at the office of the company in Philasel-phia, on Thursday, the Sth day of July, at 12 o'chock, m., of said day for the election of officers of said company for the causing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented to the

BINDING ESTABLISHMENT.—I have fitted up hand a quantity of the first quality of materials to execute all binds of binding, which I am ready to do with desputch, neatness, and durability.

Washington, June 21, 1858.

July 2—2022W

heramp, and of your right to receive the said tand, or your preshares thereof

R. F. GRAVES,

June 16—law4w

General Recorder of Powhetan Circuit Com

WANTED.—A competent person to keep a Bar on a Steamboat. Wages good. None need apply who kee July 2—32s.

Address E. F. R., at office of Washington Union.